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11 AUG 2024

NEXT IAS

Ethics Enhancer Test 2024

(To be filled by candidate)

TEST CODE : EE2401

Name of Candidate: Daxshana singh Mobile No. [REDACTED]

Roll No. : GSPM24A12028 Start Time 11:30 End Time

Date of Examination: 17/08/24 Medium : English ☒ Hindi ☐

Q. No.	Maximum Marks	Marks Obtained
1.(a)	10	
1.(b)	10	
2.(a)	10	
2.(b)	10	
3.(a)	10	
3.(b)	10	
4.(a)	10	
4.(b)	10	
5.(a)	10	
5.(b)	10	
TOTAL MARKS - 100		

Q. No.	Maximum Marks	Marks Obtained
6.(a)	10	
6.(b)	10	
6.(c)	10	
7.	20	
8.	20	
9.	20	
10.	20	
11.	20	
12.	20	
TOTAL MARKS - 150		

GRAND TOTAL -/ 250

EVAL CODE: EVAL DATE:

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

1. Immediately on receipt of the QCA booklet, please check that this QCA booklet does not have any misprint or torn or missing pages or items, etc. If so, get it replaced by a fresh QCA booklet.
2. Candidates must mention all relevant details like Name, Email, Roll No, Mobile, etc. in the space allocated.
3. Candidate is expected to attempt all 12 questions within the given timeline.
4. Answers must be written in the medium authorized at the time of admission.
5. Candidates must write answers for the specific question under the respective question itself. Any answer written outside the space allotted may not be given credit.
6. Please write neatly. Avoid illegible writing.
7. Do not write/mark irrelevant matters in the QCAB.

सामान्य निर्देश

1. QCA पुस्तिका प्राप्त होने पर कृपया तुरंत जांच लें कि इस QCA पुस्तिका में कोई पृष्ठ या सामग्री आदि गलत छपी हुई या फटी हुई या गायब तो नहीं है। यदि ऐसा है, तो इसे एक नई QCA पुस्तिका से बदल लें।
2. अभ्यर्थियों को सभी प्रासंगिक विवरण जैसे नाम, ईमेल, रोल नंबर, मोबाइल नंबर आदि का आवंटित स्थान पर उल्लेख करना होगा।
3. अभ्यर्थियों से अपेक्षा की जाती है कि वह आवंटित समय-सीमा के भीतर ही सभी 12 प्रश्नों के उत्तर-लेखन का प्रयास करें।
4. प्रत्येक उत्तर, प्रवेश के समय चुनी गयी भाषा के माध्यम में ही लिखे जाने चाहिए।
5. अभ्यर्थियों को विशिष्ट प्रश्न के उत्तर संबंधित प्रश्न के नीचे ही लिखने होंगे। आवंटित स्थान के बाहर लिखे गए किसी भी उत्तर को क्रेडिट नहीं दिया जाएगा।
6. कृपया साफ-सुथरा लिखें। अपठनीय लेखन से बचें।
7. QCAB में अप्रासंगिक तथ्यों को न लिखें / न ही चिह्नित करें।

REMARKS:

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

Student Concerns / Query

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Evaluator's Feedback / Response

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MARKING SCHEME *

Marks Per Ques	Below Average	Average	Above Average
10 Marks	Below 3.00	3.00 - 3.75	4.00 and above
15 Marks	Below 4.50	4.50 - 5.75	6.00 and above

* Subject to change without prior notice.

IMPORTANT QR CODES

Topper's Copy



Common mistake and Correct Filled QCAB



Copy Scanner App



Next IAS Test Centre Location

MACRO COMMENTS

The Purpose of evaluation@nextias.com is to provide constructive suggestions on 'How to improve Answer Writing and thereby score better marks.

STRENGTHS OF THE CANDIDATE

AREAS OF IMPROVEMENT



IMPROVEMENT SUGGESTIONS

खण्ड-A / Section-A

1. (a) लोक सेवा मूल्यों (public service values) और लोक प्रशासन नैतिकता (public administration ethics) के बीच संबंध स्पष्ट कीजिए। क्या आपको लगता है कि लोक सेवा मूल्य विभाग के मिशन/उद्देश्य को महिमामंडित करने के लिए केवल वाक्पटु कथन (eloquent statements) हैं, या लोक सेवकों के लिए उनकी कोई उपयोगिता है? चर्चा कीजिए। (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए) 10 अंक

Explain the relationship between Public Service Values and Public Administration Ethics. Do you think public service values are only eloquent statements for glorifying the Department's mission, or do they have any utility for public servants? Discuss. (Answer in 150 words) 10 Marks

Public service values are the code of Ethics that public servants should adhere to, ^{while} the public administration is the executive of service imperatives, the alignment of values and public administration goals result into maximum efficiency.

for instance, Mission Karmyogi trains the civil servants in public service values for better public administration.

Relationship between public service values & Public Administration Ethics :-

- ① Inclusion and fairness as value to enhanced penetration of government schemes.
- ② Integrity as a public service value guides the public servant ~~to~~ to deliver the work with honesty.
- ③ Dedication to public service, without expectation of any rewards,

example of constable seema Dhaka who traced ^{missing} 75 children within three months.

- ④ Empathy and compassion also help the public servant to serve the unique needs of the public.

Public Service values hold utility for public servants :-

- ① Department's mission elaborated in citizen's charter help the public servant to be more responsive and accountable.
- ② Public service values are the bedrock and the guiding force for the people working in administration.
- ③ 'Logos' & 'Mottos' of public department represent the ideals that the service aspires for.

Apart from laws & regulations, public service values deeply embedded in the officers is necessary for holistic and Ethical public administration

1. (b) विवेकपूर्ण लोक सेवक (conscientious public servant) प्रतिस्पर्धी विचारों को कैसे छंटता है और "सही काम क्या करना है" का निर्धारण कैसे करता है? जब जनता की सेवा करने की बात आती है, तो कोई अपने मूल्यों को व्यवहार में कैसे लाता है? उदाहरणों के साथ समझाएँ। (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए) 10 अंक

How does the conscientious public servant sort through competing considerations and determine "the right thing to do?" When it comes to serving the public, how does one put one's values into practice? Illustrate with examples. (Answer in 150 words) 10 Marks

The duty of public servant is in constant conflict with their personal interest. However, putting one's values to practice helps in performing duty towards the public

Competing Considerations and determining the right thing to do :-

① Temperance :- Practicing the India virtue of 'santosh' or contentment to avoid temptation towards corruption or bribery

② Fortitude :- Courage is the guard of all virtues, as per John Locke, it requires Courage to stand up against the wrongdoings

To elaborate, Vigam scam was exposed by officers like Prashant Pandey.

③ Nishkam Karma :- Dedication to public service, Nishtha, without any expectation.

④ Following the code of conduct :- In case of any conflict of interest, the right thing to do can be suggested by the organisational goals & values.

Putting values into practice :-

① Conscience :- In times of a dilemma, one should follow their conscience, as 'a universal human law is written in every Man's(also woman) heart'.

for instance, when IAS Radhakrishnan found an ^{orphaned} baby in Tamil Nadu cyclone hit area; he took her home and raised her like a child; shows going beyond obligations.

② Emotional maturity :- Being empathetic to people's needs and understanding their emotions makes it easy to comprehend the urgency of good governance.

As per Ambedkar, 'An eminent person is one who is ready to serve people'.

2. (a) लोक प्रशासन और निगमों (corporations) में सुशासन से आप क्या समझते हैं? वे कैसे भिन्न हैं? कॉर्पोरेट संस्थानों (corporate setting) में सुशासन के लिए आधार के रूप में कार्य करने वाले तीन सिद्धांतों की पहचान कीजिए और उन्हें समझाएँ। (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए) 10 अंक
- What do you understand by good governance in public administration and corporations? How do they differ? Identify and explain three principles that can act as a foundation for good governance in a corporate setting. (Answer in 150 words) 10 Marks

Governance is linked to serving the needs of people. Corporations and public administration differ in their mandate hence the underlying principles also differ.

Good governance in public Administration :-

- Serving the Needs of people, with any discrimination : Integrity, Honesty, Fairness, Dedication are some of the underlying values in public administration.

Good Governance to corporation :- Corporations are responsible and accountable towards all the relevant stakeholders like employees, staff, Shareholders etc.

Social responsibility is also one of the components of corporate Governance but its scope is limited and also evolving in nature

Principles as foundation of good governance:-

① Fairness :- Being fair towards all the people associated with the company.

for instance Boeing CEO got of 50% hike in their salary, during covid, when the company was laying off ~~and~~ employees in lieu of budget deficit.

② Transparency :- The mechanisms, rules, regulations, codes, deals should be transparent in nature, to ensure trust.

e.g. The Byju's fall is an example of non-transparent governance.

③ Fiduciary Principle :- Companies are storehouse of sensitive data, they should work with caution when handling data.

e.g. Goldman Sachs CEO indulged in internal Trading.

Kailash Satyarthi has rightly pointed out that corporate governance is not merely a principle but it should be woven into the fabric of our culture.

2. (b) सुशासन की एक पहचान सरकारी विभागों द्वारा सार्वजनिक कार्यक्रमों के लिए वस्तुओं और सेवाओं की खरीद करते समय सख्त नैतिक मानकों का पालन करना है। खरीद प्रक्रिया की अखंडता को बनाए रखने के लिए जिन नैतिक सिद्धांतों का पालन किया जाना चाहिए, उनकी पहचान कीजिए और उनकी व्याख्या कीजिए।

(150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए) 10 अंक

One hallmark of good governance is government departments' adherence to strict ethical standards when procuring goods and services for public programmes. Identify and explain the ethical principles that must be respected to maintain the integrity of the procurement process.

(Answer in 150 words) 10 Marks

Former prime minister, Rajiv Gandhi pointed out that ₹ 1 spent by Indian government, only 25 paise reaches to the public. Public Procurement process should be done with impeccable Transparency & Accountability.

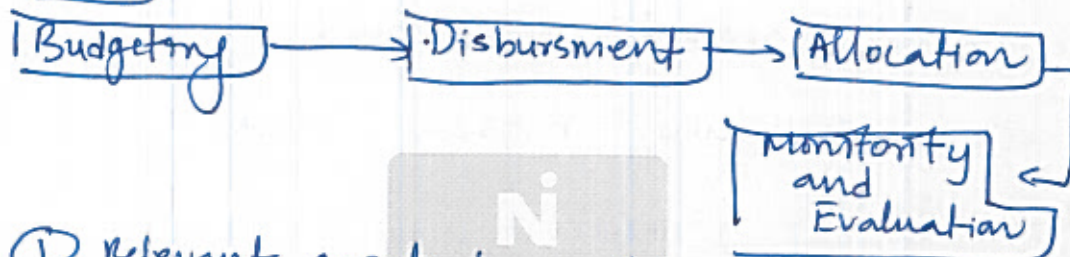
Procurement and adherence to strict ethical standards :-

- ① Taxpayers Money should be spent with due diligence.
- ② Transparency and accountability mechanism ensured to prevent embezzlement of funds.
- ③ Strict ethical standards are necessary to fulfill the goal of public programmes i.e. serving the needs of people.

- ④ Leakages in Public Procurement signify the Corruption and lack of integrity to public service principles.

Ethical principles that must be respected in procurement process :-

Process:-



- ① Relevant input from stakeholders, inclusive participation in the budgeting process
- ② Transparency is the disbursement process.
- ③ Principle of equality while allocating the resources.
- ④ Ensuring Accountability in the monitoring process.
- Utilisation of ^{public} funds in the best manner is one of the primary components of ensure Social justice.

3. (a) प्रशासनिक निर्णय लेते समय लोक सेवकों को हितधारकों के हितों, आधिकारिक दायित्वों और शासन मूल्यों के बीच किस तरह से नैतिक संतुलन बनाना चाहिए और इनमें से किसको सबसे अधिक नैतिक महत्व दिया जाना चाहिए? (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए) 10 अंक

How should public servants ethically balance stakeholder interests, official obligations, and regime values when making administrative decisions, and which of these should be given the most moral weight? (Answer in 150 words) 10 Marks

Public administration deals with a lot of hierarchies in terms of official obligations and political values, however the primary responsibility should be to uphold the stakeholder interest, that is the Public welfare.

Balancing interests when making administrative decisions :-

- ① Non-partisanship :- politically neutral behavior, and personal political attitude should not interfere with decision.
- ② Following Rules :- The Administrative code of conduct helps in navigating the conflict of interest.
- ③ Orders from seniors :- Senior orders should be followed, but with application of conscience and moral reasoning.

④ Stakeholder interests :- Non-discriminatory
and fair attitude towards the public.

The most moral weight should be given to
the stakeholder's interests. performing
one's duty towards the public with
utmost integrity and honesty lies at
the heart of public service.

Following the moral intuition and
the acting with courage is necessary
to balance the roles of public servants.

3. (b) हाल में शोधकर्ताओं ने तर्क दिया है कि आत्म-जागरूकता (self awareness) और सहानुभूति (empathy) के भावनात्मक कौशल (emotional skills) के बिना सरकार के स्वास्थ्य और सामाजिक-आधारित हस्तक्षेप काफी कम प्रभावी हैं। क्या आप सहमत हैं? प्रासंगिक उदाहरणों के साथ अपने उत्तर की पुष्टि कीजिए।
(150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए) 10 अंक

Recent researchers have argued that the government's health and social-based interventions are significantly less effective without the emotional skills of self-awareness and empathy. Do you agree? Justify your answer with relevant examples. (Answer in 150 words) 10 Marks

welfare schemes for the public are based on connecting with the suffering of the public, this demands for the relevant emotional skills of self-awareness & empathy.

Significance of Emotional skills in public service Delivery :-

① Self Awareness of the individual to predict and management an appropriate emotional response to the situation.

② Empathetic response ~~to~~ to understand the needs of people.

e.g. Application of a PM Arushman Bhalat and the urgency associated with it.

③ To make sure that the scheme is implemented properly.

e.g. Role of understanding the brevity of the scheme to monitor its implementation

- ④ Indifference towards the unhygienic, unkept, poor condition of the primary health centre is an example of lack of empathy with the cause.
- ⑤ Grievance Redressal mechanisms only function smoothly when one is able to interact with the applicant, which requires Emotional Intelligence.
- ⑥ Dedication to the intervention requires putting your heart & soul into action.

example of ^{Hira} Chanadana Dasari, Naraynpet district of Telangana, Tolerant on wheels, ~~for~~ ~~for~~ for ODF.

As per Camus, Power without Ethics is like a loose beast in the wild.

Similarly, Governance without empathy serves no real purpose.

4. (a) प्रासंगिक उदाहरणों के साथ चर्चा कीजिए कि सिविल सेवकों के राजनीतिक और नैतिक दृष्टिकोण उनके कार्य नैतिकता (work ethics) और दैनिक प्रशासनिक निर्णय लेने को कैसे प्रभावित करते हैं।

(150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए) 10 अंक

Discuss with relevant examples how civil servants' political and moral attitudes impact their work ethics and daily administrative decision-making. (Answer in 150 words) 10 Marks

Attitudes are predispositions towards a particular issue, which are formed through experience, observing or peer exposure. The political and moral attitude of public servant have a significant ^{impact} in shaping their work ethics & daily administrative decision making.

Impact of political Attitude :-

① Partisan behavior :- Political biasness towards a particular party or ideology may impact the decision making of the public servant.

② political Participation :- ~~part~~ participation in political activities makes the behavior of public servant unethical.

for instance Indira Gandhi's assistant was accused for helping her during elections

- ③ conflict with the regime values and public service values.
- ④ political pressure may lead to corruption, Nexus, and Bribery.

Impact of moral ~~ident~~ Attitude :-

- ① As per Reynold, correct moral attitude builds moral identity, 'This is not me'.

for instance, Madhav Godbole resigned after the Babri Masjid issue.

- ② moral attitude also makes the individual morally competent in taking ethical decisions.

e.g. Satyendra Dubey, an ethical moral attitude even at the cost of his life.

- ③ correct moral attitude also helps in building interpersonal relations.

Attitude formation and its dynamic nature makes a public servant more well-rounded and ethically competent.

4. (b) "उद्देश्य (motive) का कार्रवाई की नैतिकता (morality of the action) से कोई लेना-देना नहीं है।" उपरोक्त कथन के प्रकाश में, क्या आपको लगता है कि किसी कार्रवाई की नैतिकता निर्धारित करने में उद्देश्य अप्रासंगिक है? प्रासंगिक उदाहरणों के साथ अपनी स्थिति स्पष्ट कीजिए। (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए) 10 अंक

"The motive has nothing to do with the morality of the action." In light of the above statement, do you think motive is irrelevant in determining the morality of an action? Explain your position with relevant examples. (Answer in 150 words) 10 Marks

An action can be judged by various parameters, philosophers have given various approaches like Duty, consequences and application of virtue to determine morality of an action.

(Morality of an action independent of motive)

① If the action is leading to widespread damage and human distress, motive has no role to play.

for instance, Nuclear Bomb ended the WWII as justified by USA, but led to destruction of two cities of Japan.

② Gandhi also said that the right method is foremost while judging the morality of action.

example
No violence doctrine and satyagrah.

③ Realism - ends justified means.

④ unconventional path has to be taken in order to maximise the happiness of maximum people, (Utilitarian Theory)

Motive plays an important role :-

① Unethical motive may lead to short term gains but result in long term pain

example of Nazi occupation, and followed by Jews holocaust; Perceive expansion of German territories

② Evil motives can lead to exclusion; Bias against a certain community.

③ Motivation to do the right thing but involuntary wrong consequence can be analysed through the role of motive

Any action should be led by a balanced approach of right intention as well as right consequences.

5. (a) जैन तीर्थंकरों के व्रत-आधारित नैतिक दर्शन (vow based moral philosophy) की समकालीन प्रासंगिकता की व्याख्या कीजिए। (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए) 10 अंक

Explain the contemporary relevance of Jain Tirthankaras' vow-based moral philosophy.

(Answer in 150 words) 10 Marks

The principle of Non-violence, reverence for life is embedded in the strict vow-based following of the given moral philosophy.

contemporary relevance of vow-based moral philosophy :-

① Respect for all life - an important principle for the conflict ridden world.

② [Syadwaad] - multiple truths, to promote peaceful coexistence and tolerance among diverse communities.

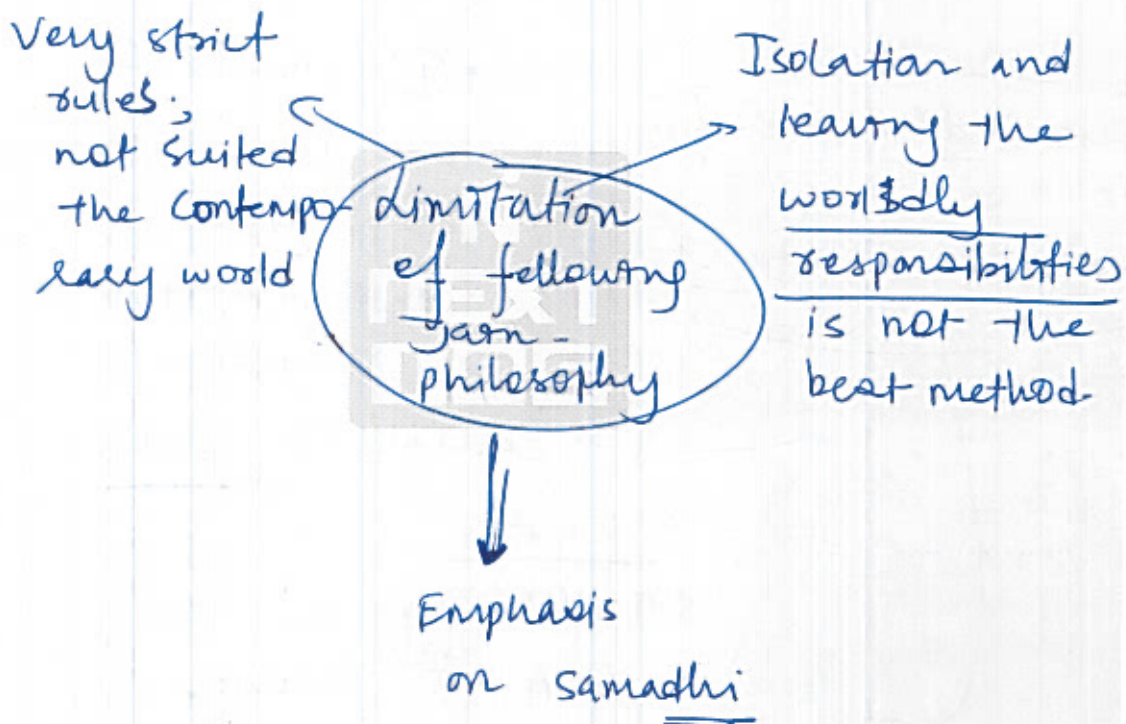
e.g. Religious fundamentalism

③ [Strict Adherence (vow)] :- Right conduct knowledge and faith, to promote the fundamental virtues to live a successful life

e.g. NEP also mentions satya, shanti, Dharma as guiding values

④ Sacrifice :- Materialist tendency and increase greed among people is leading to mindless consumption.

Jainism seclusion from normal life is a reminder to be more minimalist and sustainable by nature



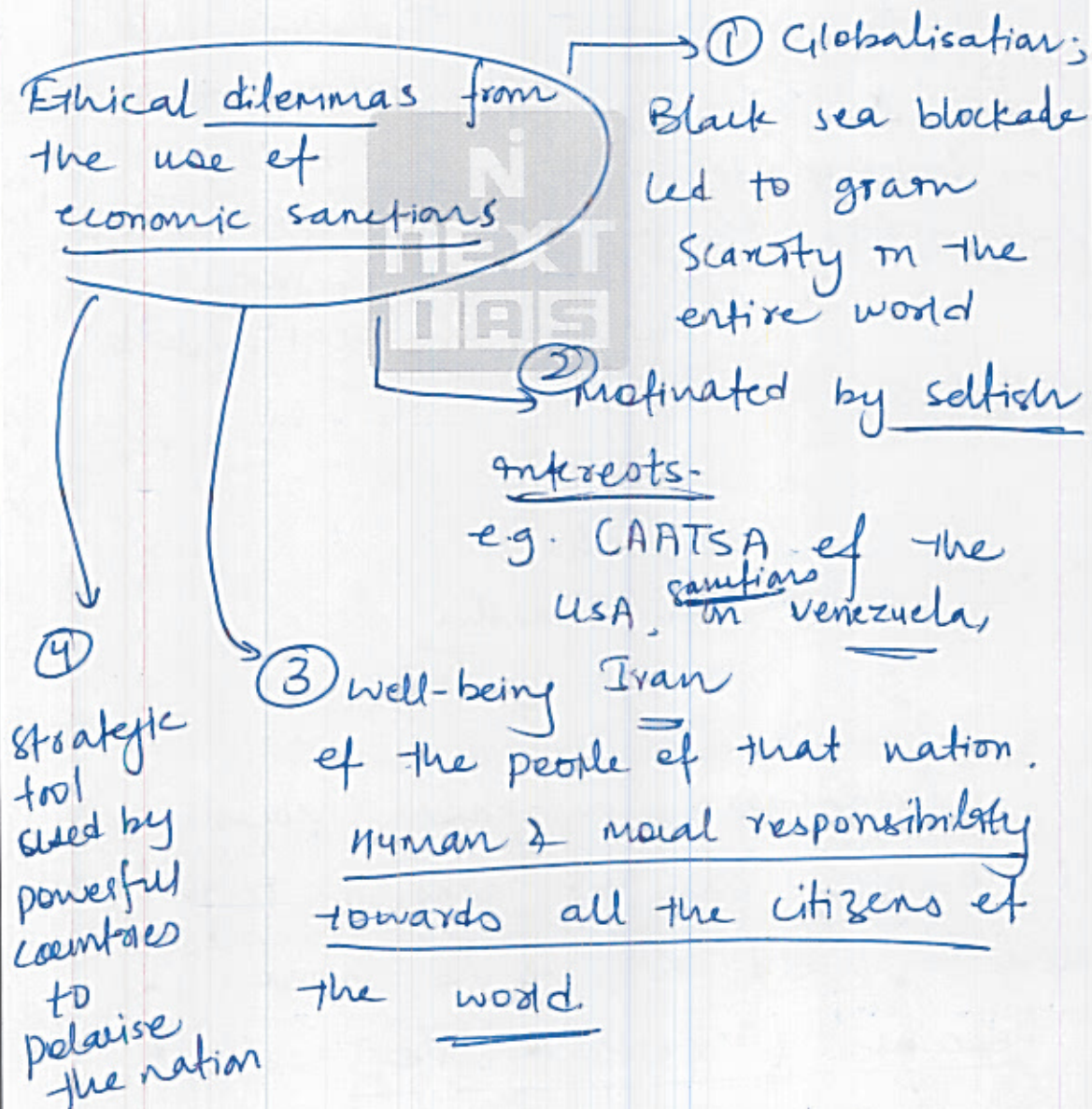
Jain Tirthankaras vow-based moral philosophy can be adapted in the modern world to live a more peaceful & content life.

5. (b) अंतर्राष्ट्रीय संबंधों में आर्थिक प्रतिबंधों के उपयोग से कौन सी नैतिक दुविधाएँ उत्पन्न होती हैं, और नीति निर्माता इन चिंताओं को अवैध व्यवहारों को दंडित करने और राजनीतिक परिवर्तन को बाध्य करने की आवश्यकता के साथ कैसे संतुलित कर सकते हैं? (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए) 10 अंक

What ethical dilemmas arise from the use of economic sanctions in international relations, and how can policymakers balance these concerns with the need to punish illegal behaviours and compel political change? (Answer in 150 words) 10 Marks

International relations are guided by the Nation's interest and the public interest at large.

Ethical dilemmas from the use of economic sanctions



Balancing the concerns :-

- ① Humanitarian intervention :- To protect the people, and prevent human rights abuse.
- ② International forum :- Regional grouping and International forum to cooperate and actions against perpetrator.
e.g. UN Peacekeeping forces.
- ③ Dialogue - warming and initiating dialogue for peaceful resolution of conflict.
e.g. Abrahams Accords.

As Socrates said 'I am a global citizen', there is moral, ethical responsibility, but it should be negotiated peacefully.

वर्तमान समय में निम्नलिखित उद्धरणों की प्रासंगिकता पर चर्चा करें।

Discuss the relevance of the following quotes to the present times.

6. (a) "युद्ध मनुष्यों के मन में शुरू होते हैं और उन मनों में, प्रेम और करुणा ने शांति की रक्षा का निर्माण किया होगा।"
(150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए) 10 अंक

"Wars begin in the minds of men, and in those minds, love and compassion would have built the defences of peace."
(Answer in 150 words) 10 Marks

Aristotle said that 'man have control
over their mind, and hence the
vices'

The quote says that with love
& compassion we can argue for
a Culture of Peace, rather than
war.

War begin in the minds of men :-

① Imperialist and colonialist tendency
e.g. USA, Europe pushed men
into WWI & WWII

② Hatred towards communities -
Negative attitudes toward certain
groups of people instigate wars.

③ Self preservation and Greed :-

Lack of empathetic attitude
towards people.

e.g. Israel-Palestine conflict.

Defences of peace :-

- ① Love and compassion for all the citizens of the world; beyond National boundaries.
- ② Room for dialogue and negotiation; increase understanding of each other's perspective
- ③ ~~Peace~~ - Tolerance - peaceful coexistence

Aristotle claimed that 'Accommodation, moderation and ~~dialogue~~ dialogue can help us in better resolution of conflicts'

6. (b) "आप अपना जीवन ऐसे जिई जैसे कि आपके कार्यों का सिद्धांत(उंचा व लवनत बजपवदे) सार्वभौमिक कानून बन जाए।"
(150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए) 10 अंक
"May you live your life as if the maxim of your actions were to become universal law."
(Answer in 150 words) 10 Marks

This
Categorical imperative of Kant is
Signalling towards, the respect for
human dignity, and gives a
goodstick to judge one's actions

Meaning of the quotes :-

- ① Actions should be such that they don't intend harm to anyone.
- ② Love and compassion for all
- ③ Dignity of all the humans is important, treating the humans as ends in themselves and not means.
- ④ No one should fall through the cracks of society - Biblical ethics



Nobel Peace Prize winner, Albert
Shwitzer advocated 'reverence for
all life' such that our actions
hurt nobody.

6. (c) आचरण का सुनहरा नियम (the golden rule of conduct) पारस्परिक सहिष्णुता (mutual toleration) है, यह देखते हुए कि हम सभी कभी एक जैसा नहीं सोचेंगे और हम हमेशा सत्य को टुकड़ों में देखेंगे और दृष्टि के विभिन्न दृष्टिकोण बनाएंगे। (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए) 10 अंक

The golden rule of conduct is mutual toleration, seeing that we will never all think alike and we shall always see Truth in fragment and form different angles of vision.

(Answer in 150 words) 10 Marks

The principle of 'syadvad' is explained in Jainism through the elephant story. The story says that there cannot be a single truth and acceptance of other's truth is way to Tolerance.

Tolerance at 3 levels

- ① Society
 - Resembles peaceful co-existence
 - The importance of connectedness, indivisibility of the whole mankind
- ② State - 'Principle distance to religion', and 'Sarv Dham Sambhav' respecting all the religion equally.

→ ③ International - respect
for all the humans regardless
of their cast, class, Race
or Nationality.

As Simone De Beauvoir said, 'The
value attributed to other's life
gives value to one's life as
well'.



खण्ड-B / Section-B

7. आपने हाल ही में बीटा टेक्नोलॉजीज के सीईओ का पदभार संभाला है, जो 1990 में स्थापित भारत की एक प्रसिद्ध आईटी सेवा और परामर्श कंपनी है। पिछले तीन दशकों में, कंपनी उत्तरी अमेरिका, यूरोप और एशिया में ग्राहकों के साथ एक वैश्विक खिलाड़ी (global player) के रूप में विकसित हुई है। अत्याधुनिक समाधानों और मजबूत ग्राहक संबंधों के लिए जानी जाने वाली बीटा टेक्नोलॉजीज आईटी क्षेत्र में एक बाजार नेतृत्व कर्ता (मार्केट लीडर) रही है।

आपके कार्यभार संभाले तीन सप्ताह हो चुके हैं, और एक दिन, कंपनी के कानूनी प्रमुख आपके पास एक रिपोर्ट लेकर आए, जिसमें उन्होंने कंपनी के वित्तीय विवरण में विसंगतियों की खोज की थी।

पांच साल तक, कंपनी के वित्तीय अधिकारी (सीएफओ company's financial officer), श्री राहुल मेहता ने अपनी आय रिपोर्ट में हेरफेर किया है। राजस्व को बढ़ाकर और खर्चों को कम करके, उन्होंने स्टॉक की कीमतों को बढ़ाने और अधिक निवेश सुरक्षित करने के लिए वित्तीय स्वास्थ्य की एक झूठी छवि बनाई है।

इसके अलावा, यह पाया गया कि श्री मेहता ने कंपनी के कुछ विक्रेताओं (vendors) में महत्वपूर्ण व्यक्तिगत निवेश किया है। इन विक्रेताओं को आकर्षक अनुबंध दिए गए थे, जो अनुकूलित शर्तों और अक्सर बढ़ी हुई कीमतों पर थे और कंपनी के लिए हानिकारक थे। श्री मेहता के कार्यों ने खरीद प्रक्रिया को प्रभावित किया है और कंपनी को वित्तीय नुकसान पहुंचाया है।

सीईओ के रूप में, आपको एक महत्वपूर्ण निर्णय का सामना करना पड़ा। आपको वित्तीय अनियमितताओं और विषम खरीद प्रक्रिया से भी जूझना पड़ा।

नए सीईओ के रूप में:

- आपके पास कौन से निर्णय विकल्प उपलब्ध हैं?
- उपरोक्त मामले में क्या मुद्दे शामिल हैं?
- आप किस तरह की कार्रवाई का विकल्प चुनेंगे और क्यों? (250 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए) 20 अंक

You recently took over as CEO of Beta Technologies, a renowned IT services and consulting firm in India established in 1990. Over the past three decades, the company has grown into a global player with clients in North America, Europe, and Asia. Known for cutting-edge solutions and strong client relationships, Beta Technologies has been a market leader in the IT sector.

It has been three weeks since you took over, and one day, the company's legal head came to you with a report that they had discovered discrepancies in the company's financial statement.

For five years, the company's financial Officer (CFO), Mr. Rahul Mehta, has manipulated its earnings reports. By inflating revenues and understating expenses, he has created a false image of financial health to boost stock prices and secure more investment.

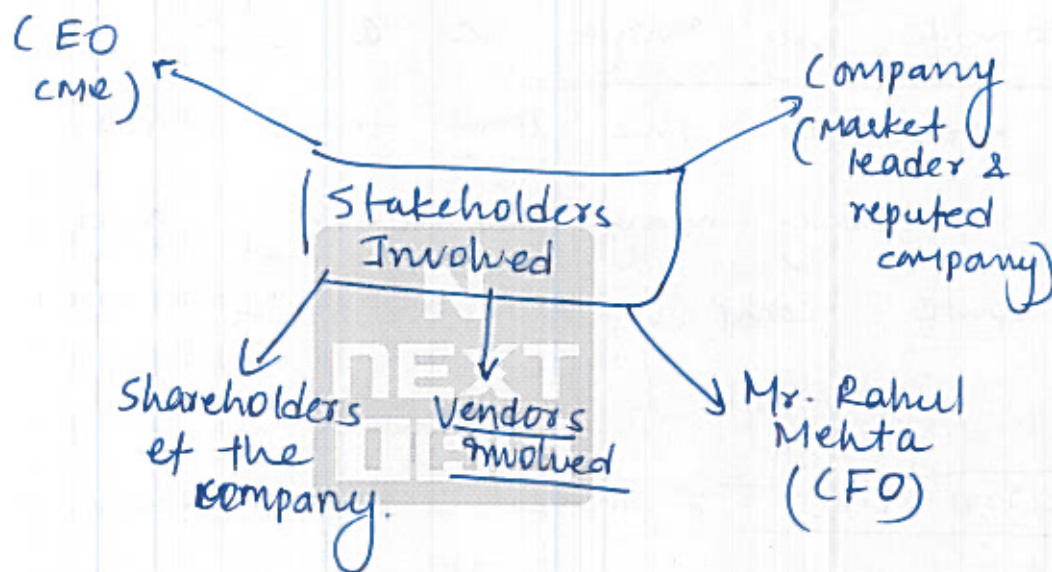
Further, it was found that Mr. Mehta has significant personal investments in some of the company's vendors. These vendors were awarded lucrative contracts, often at inflated prices and with favourable terms detrimental to the company. Mr Mehta's actions have compromised the procurement process and led to financial losses for the company.

As CEO, you were confronted with a critical decision. You also had to contend with financial irregularities and a skewed procurement process.

As a new CEO:

- What decision options are available to you?
- What are the issues involved in the above case?
- What will be your chosen course of action and Why? (Answer in 250 words) 20 marks

The case study deals with the discrepancies in corporate governance. This has led to financial losses for the company as well as eroded the trust of a MultiNational Corporation.



(a) Options available :-

(1) Take Action :- Take stringent action against all the people who have colluded ~~to~~ in the corruption.

Removing Mr. Rahul Mehta from the job and also ending all contracts with the vendors who colluded with him

This will set an example for all other employees while also restoring the health of finances slowly.

Such drastic measures in such a short span (3 week of me joining) can also deteriorate my image as a CEO, as well as the long time vendors of company may bad mouth and disrepute company's credibility.

[Enquiry First] :- Make a small team to investigate the allegations against Rahul Mehta and collusion.

[Merits] :- ^{upholding} Principle of Natural justice, and take action against the corruption.

[Demerits] :- Enquiry and Reporting may take time, Damage company's reputation in international market.

Hush the matter :- To avoid any confrontation and to protect company's credibility, matter can be hushed up.

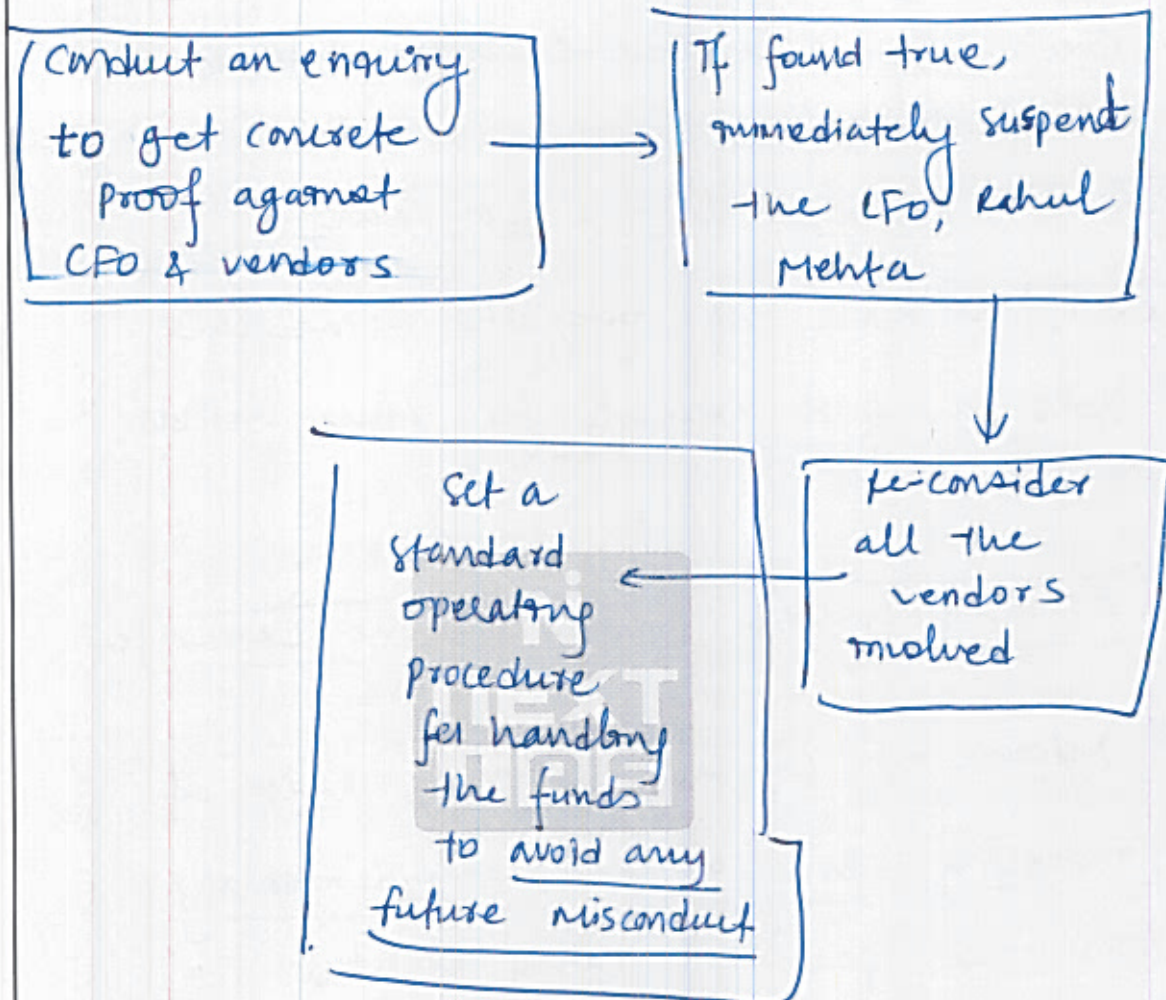
Merits → Loyalty to the company,

Demerits → Lack of integrity, conscience, sets a bad example for other workers.

(b) Ethical issues involved in the case :-

- ① Misuse of company's funds; lack of integrity, loyalty and confidentiality in the part of Rahul Mehta.
- ② Lack of Accountability mechanisms, financial fraud was continuing for almost 5 years.
- ③ Company's reputation as a market leader at stake, if this news comes out.

③ Course of Action :-



The above course of action is taken ^{with} ~~the~~ keeping in mind all the stakeholders, and also adheres to principles of Corporate governance.

8. एक ऐसे जिले में जिला विकास अधिकारी (DDO) के रूप में, जो अपनी शुष्क परिस्थितियों के लिए जाना जाता है, पिछला वर्ष विशेष रूप से चुनौतीपूर्ण रहा है। बारिश न होने के कारण, इस क्षेत्र में पानी की भारी कमी का सामना करना पड़ा, जिससे कृषि में भारी गिरावट आई और भूख से मौतें हुईं। मेरी महत्वपूर्ण जिम्मेदारियों में से एक मध्याह्न भोजन योजना की निगरानी करना, यह सुनिश्चित करना शामिल है कि यह सुचारू रूप से चले और लक्षित लाभार्थियों – स्कूली बच्चों तक पहुँचे।

चल रहे संकट के बीच, मैंने तीन विशिष्ट ब्लॉकों में मध्याह्न भोजन योजना में एक विसंगति देखी। खाद्यान्न की खपत नामांकित छात्रों की संख्या से काफी अधिक थी। यह विसंगति लगभग एक महीने से लगातार बनी हुई थी, जिसने मुझे इस असामान्य पैटर्न के पीछे के कारणों का पता लगाने के लिए गहन जांच शुरू करने के लिए प्रेरित किया।

जांच में एक आश्चर्यजनक लेकिन दिल दहला देने वाली सच्चाई सामने आई। इन ब्लॉकों के गांव के स्कूल समुदाय में भूखे परिवारों को खिलाने के लिए अतिरिक्त खाद्यान्न का उपयोग कर रहे थे। यह अनधिकृत कार्रवाई, करुणा से प्रेरित होने के बावजूद, आधिकारिक तौर पर दंडनीय अपराध थी। स्कूल गंभीर भूख से पीड़ित लोगों को राहत प्रदान करने के लिए विशेष रूप से छात्रों के लिए निर्धारित संसाधनों को डायवर्ट कर रहे थे।

जैसे-जैसे स्थिति सामने आई, आप खुद को नैतिक दुविधा में पाते हैं। एक तरफ, डीडीओ के रूप में, मैं उन नियमों से बंध हुआ था जिनके तहत मुझे सरकारी संसाधनों का उचित उपयोग सुनिश्चित करना था। अपने नेक इरादे के बावजूद, खाद्यान्न का अनधिकृत डायवर्जन प्रोटोकॉल का उल्लंघन था जिसके लिए अनुशासनात्मक कार्रवाई की आवश्यकता थी, जिसमें शामिल स्कूल अधिकारियों का निलंबन भी शामिल था।

दूसरी ओर, इन स्कूल अधिकारियों की कार्रवाई मानवता और करुणा की गहरी भावना से प्रेरित थी। उन्होंने अपने समुदाय की तत्काल जरूरतों को प्राथमिकता देने का फैसला किया, गंभीर परिस्थितियों को पहचाना और आगे भूख से होने वाली मौतों को रोकने की तत्काल आवश्यकता को पहचाना। संकट के प्रति उनकी मानवीय प्रतिक्रिया के लिए उन्हें दंडित करना न केवल कठोर था, बल्कि सार्वजनिक सेवा की भावना के भी विपरीत था।

- उपरोक्त मामले में नैतिक मुद्दे क्या हैं?
- एक कर्म के रूप में, आपके पास क्या विकल्प उपलब्ध हैं?
- अपनी चुनी हुई कार्य-विधि के साथ-साथ अपने कारणों की व्याख्या कीजिए।
- उपरोक्त मामले को देखते हुए, मानवीय संकट की स्थितियों से निपटने के लिए सबसे अच्छा नैतिक सिद्धांत क्या होगा?

(250 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए) 20 अंक

As a District Development Officer (DDO) in a district known for its arid conditions, the past year has been particularly challenging. With rains failing to arrive, the region faced an acute water shortage, leading to a severe agricultural downturn and reported starvation deaths. One of my critical responsibilities includes supervising the mid-day meal scheme, ensuring that it runs smoothly and reaches the intended beneficiaries – schoolchildren.

Amidst the ongoing crisis, I observed an anomaly in the mid-day meal scheme in three specific blocks. The consumption of food grains was significantly higher than the number of students enrolled. This discrepancy had been persistent for about a month, prompting me to initiate a thorough inquiry to uncover the reasons behind the unusual pattern.

The investigation revealed a surprising yet heart-wrenching reality. The village schools in these blocks were using the extra food grains to feed starving families in the community. This unauthorised action, while driven by compassion, was officially a punishable offence. The schools were diverting resources intended exclusively for students to provide relief to those suffering from acute hunger.

As the situation unravelled, you found yourself in a moral quandary. On one hand, as the DDO, I was bound by regulations that required me to ensure the proper use of government resources. Despite its noble intent, the unauthorised diversion of food grains was a breach of protocol that necessitated disciplinary action, including the suspension of the school officials involved.

On the other hand, these school officials' actions were driven by a deep sense of humanity and compassion. They chose to prioritise the immediate needs of their community, recognising the dire circumstances and the urgent need to prevent further starvation deaths. Punishing them for their humane response to the crisis seemed not only harsh but also contrary to the spirit of public service.

- (a) What are the ethical issues in the above case?
- (b) As a DDO, what are the options available to you?
- (c) Explain your chosen course of action, along with your reasons.
- (d) Given the above case, what would be the best ethical theory for handling human distress situations?

(Answer in 250 words) 20 marks

The above case deals with an Ethical dilemma of performing one's professional duty and performing one's duty as a human and displaying of empathy and compassion.

Ethical issues in the above case :-

- ① Conflict with the professional duty and correct utilisation of funds for the intended purpose.
- ② Duty as a human : Villagers including children are part of the larger society and a moral responsibility towards them.

③ Government inaction towards the plight of starving villagers.

⑥ Options available to the DDO :-

① Don't take any Action :- I ~~will~~ can let the arrangement to work like this in an ^{un}official manner. I can also not report this to higher authorities to support this noble cause

Merits :- Attitude of compassion, 'sewa' depending on a democratic attitude.

Demerits :- Against my duty responsibility as a DDO; set a bad precedence of not perform following rules

② Report to the Authority :- As Kant said, 'Duty decides one action' I will perform Duty as a DDO and report the incident to higher authority. Suspend the school officials

Merits :- Upholds the procedural accountability, No personal consequences as an officer.

Demerits :- Non observance of Buddhist principle of 'Metta', Inhumane response to the Tragedy.

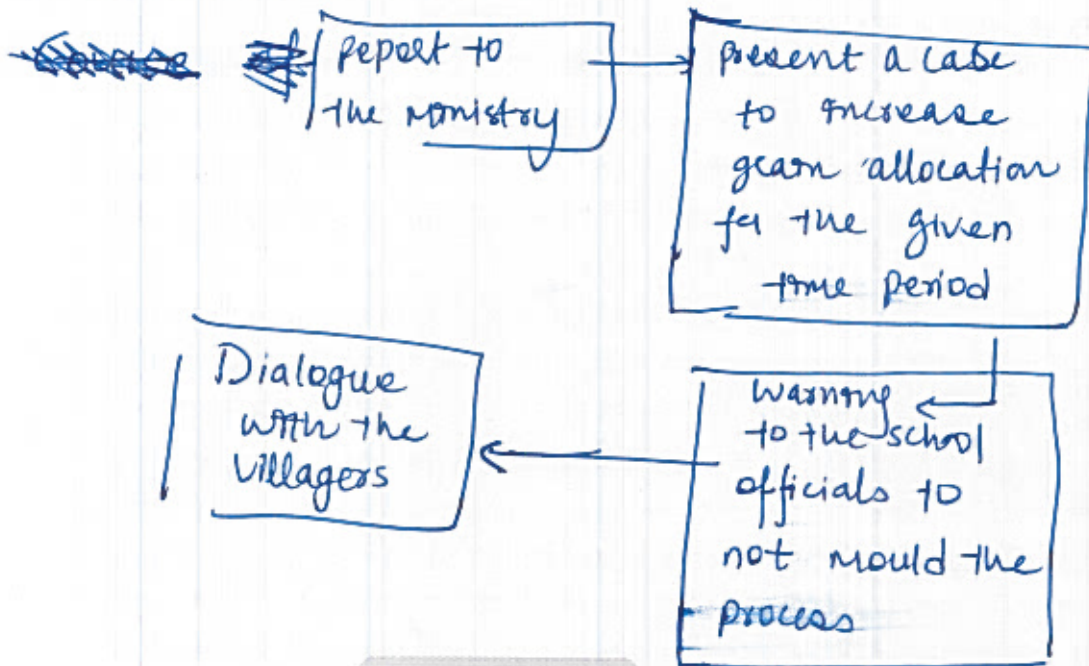
③ Prepare a report for ^{more} allocation of grains :-

I can also document the entire situation and present the solution to ministry for allocation of more grains for the villages. Given an unusual situation of starvation

Merits :- In ~~the~~ ^{line} with care Ethics, upholds personal values of Benevolence

Demerits :- Documenting and reporting may take time, Risk of getting ^{the proposal} rejected and inadvertent stopping of the informal process also

③ Course of Action :-



- ④ The best ethical theory for handling human distress situation is Care Ethics. It helps in realising the unique needs of people and acting upon them to find the best possible situation. In the given case study, rule based ethical approach will lead to significant damage to the cause.

9. एक शांतिपूर्ण जिले में पुलिस अधीक्षक (एसपी) के रूप में, मैं छोटी-मोटी चोरी, संपत्ति पर अतिक्रमण और छोटे-मोटे झगड़ों जैसे छोटे-मोटे अपराधों को संभालने का आदी था। अपराध दर कम थी और लोग आम तौर पर अपने काम से काम रखते थे, जिससे यह अपेक्षाकृत आसान कार्यस्थल बन गया। हालाँकि, पिछले महीने से, मेरे कार्यालय को एक अलग तरह की शिकायत मिलनी शुरू हो गई, जो समुदाय में एक अधिक जटिल मुद्दे को जन्म दे रही थी।
- ग्रामीणों से बड़ी संख्या में शिकायतें प्राप्त हुईं, जिन्होंने बताया कि उनकी जानकारी के बिना उनके बैंक खातों से पैसे गायब हो गए। ये शिकायतें चिंताजनक थीं, खासकर इसलिए क्योंकि वे ऐसे जनसांख्यिकीय समूह से आए थे जो काफी हद तक अशिक्षित और आधुनिक बैंकिंग प्रथाओं से अपरिचित थे। ग्रामीण भ्रमित और व्याकुल थे, उन्हें समझ में नहीं आ रहा था कि उनकी मेहनत की कमाई कैसे गायब हो रही है।
- प्रारंभिक जाँच करने पर, हमें पता चला कि पैसे वास्तव में चोरी नहीं हो रहे थे, बल्कि राज्य सरकार की बीमा योजना के तहत पॉलिसियों के लिए बीमा प्रीमियम के रूप में काटे जा रहे थे। ग्रामीणों को इस बात की जानकारी ही नहीं थी कि उन्होंने ऐसी पॉलिसियों के लिए साइन अप भी किया था, जिससे इन लेन-देन की वैधता पर संदेह पैदा हो गया।
- गहन जांच से पता चला कि सरकारी बैंकों के एजेंट बीमा योजना को आक्रामक तरीके से आगे बढ़ा रहे थे। इन एजेंटों को योजना के लिए सरकारी लक्ष्यों को पूरा करने का निर्देश दिया गया था, जिसके कारण वे उचित सहमति के बिना लाभार्थियों को जोड़ रहे थे। अधिकांश ग्रामीण अशिक्षित थे और उन्हें उन बीमा पॉलिसियों की कोई समझ नहीं थी, जिनमें वे नामांकित थे। कटौती कानूनी थी, लेकिन ग्रामीणों की सहमति प्राप्त करने के लिए इस्तेमाल किए गए तरीके अत्यधिक सदिग्ध थे। आप कार्रवाई के तरीके के बारे में सोच रहे थे, क्योंकि कटौती कानूनी थी, और एजेंट तकनीकी रूप से निर्देशों का पालन कर रहे थे। लेकिन, इस प्रक्रिया में, वे गरीब ग्रामीणों का शोषण कर रहे थे।
- उपरोक्त मामले में नैतिक मुद्दे क्या हैं?
 - एक एसपी के रूप में आपके पास क्या विकल्प उपलब्ध हैं?
 - अपनी चुनी हुई कार्रवाई के तरीके की व्याख्या कीजिए।
 - यदि आपको बीमा योजना को बढ़ावा देने का कोई बेहतर तरीका सुझाना हो, तो वह क्या होगा?

(250 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए) 20 अंक

As the Superintendent of Police (SP) in a peaceful district, I was accustomed to handling minor crimes such as petty thefts, property encroachments, and small fights. The crime rate was low, and the people generally kept to their business, making it a relatively easy workplace. However, over the past month, my office began receiving a different kind of grievance that indicated a more complex issue brewing in the community.

A significant number of complaints were received from villagers who reported losing money from their bank accounts without their knowledge. These grievances were alarming, especially since they came from a demographic that was largely illiterate and unfamiliar with modern banking practices. The villagers were confused and distraught, not understanding how their hard-earned money was disappearing.

Upon conducting a preliminary enquiry, we discovered that the money was not exactly being stolen but was being deducted as insurance premiums for policies under the State Government's Bima Yojna. The villagers were unaware that they had even signed up for such policies, raising suspicions about the legitimacy of these transactions.

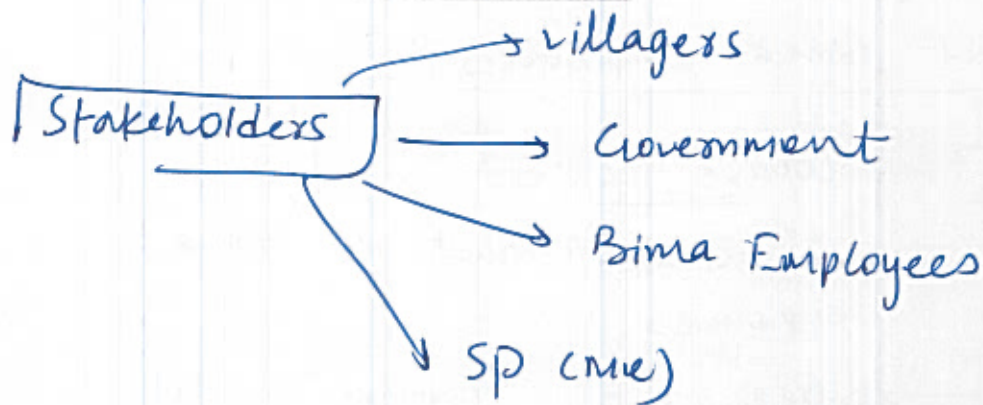
A deeper investigation revealed that agents from government banks were aggressively pushing the Bima Yojna. These agents had been instructed to meet government targets for the scheme, leading them to add beneficiaries without proper consent. Most of the villagers were illiterate and had no understanding of the insurance policies they were enrolled in. The deductions were legal, but the methods used to obtain the villagers' consent were highly questionable.

You were wondering about the course of action, as the deductions were legal, and the agents were technically following instructions. But, in the process, they were exploiting the poor villagers.

- What are the ethical issues involved in the above case?
- What are the options available to you as an SP?
- Explain your chosen course of an action.
- If you have to recommend a better way of promoting the bima yojna, what would that be?

(Answer in 250 words) 20 marks

The above case is based on the proper Consent and financial awareness of people living in different sections of the society. There is also an underlying issue of Trust and the communication gap with government.



① Ethical issues involved in the above case :-

① Financial literacy & awareness

- ② Lack of Transparency in the process,
Ethical conduct of the Bima
employees
- ③ Communication Gap between Government
and the villagers
- ④ Use of Rightful means to perform
one's duty or even public welfare.
- ⑤ Options available to SP :-

- ① send the report to ministry and action
against Bima employees :-

Meets → course correction, of the
unethical conduct of Bima
employees

Demeot → Bureaucratic response to the
wrongdoing, doesnot take into
the villager's interests into
account

② Dialogue with the villagers :- Communicating the scheme to the villagers, and let them decide if they want to enroll. No Action against the Bima agents.

Merits → villager's consent taken into consideration,
→ Rightful means adopted for policy promotion

Demerit → Duty not fulfilled to correct the action of Bima agents.

③ Course of Action :-

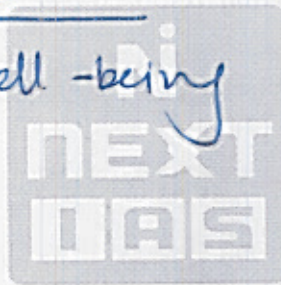
Send the report to ministry highlighting the issues and faults of Bima agents

conducting a financial literacy & scheme awareness workshop

Dialogue with the villagers whether they want to enroll or not

Requesting to reimburse those who don't want to participate in scheme

(d) To promote Bima penetration, awareness
programmes should be organised;
firstly. In addition to scheme
promotion, focus should be on financial
literacy as well, to empower
the villagers to take their
own decisions with respect to
their well-being



10. पिछले पाँच वर्षों से जल आपूर्ति विभाग में एक जूनियर इंजीनियर के रूप में, मेरी जिम्मेदारियों में पानी की गुणवत्ता सुनिश्चित करना और नियमित वितरण के लिए आपूर्ति लाइनों को बनाए रखना शामिल था। जिस जोन में मैं तैनात था, वहाँ लगातार पानी की कमी की समस्या थी, खास तौर पर गर्मियों के दौरान जब आपूर्ति अनियमित हो जाती थी। निवासियों को पानी के टैंकों पर बहुत ज्यादा निर्भर रहना पड़ता था, जिससे उनका वित्तीय बोझ और असुविधा बढ़ जाती थी।

पिछले कुछ सालों में, मैंने देखा है कि पानी की आपूर्ति में व्यवधान सिर्फ तकनीकी समस्याओं या प्राकृतिक कमी के कारण नहीं थे। सावधानीपूर्वक निगरानी और डेटा संग्रह के जरिए, मैंने ऐसे सबूत खोजे जो बताते थे कि टैंकर मालिकों का एक गिरोह जानबूझकर कृत्रिम कमी पैदा कर रहा था। यह गिरोह पानी की आपूर्ति लाइनों से छेड़छाड़ करता था, जिससे व्यवधान पैदा होता था और फिर बढ़े हुए दामों पर पानी बेचकर स्थिति का फायदा उठाता था। इस गिरोह की गतिविधियाँ न केवल अवैध थीं, बल्कि बेहद अनैतिक भी थीं, जो निवासियों की पानी की बुनियादी जरूरत का शोषण करती थीं।

अपने पास पर्याप्त सबूत होने के बाद, मैंने गिरोह के खिलाफ कार्रवाई करने का फैसला किया। मैंने जिले के पुलिस अधीक्षक (एसपी) से मुलाकात की और अपने निष्कर्ष प्रस्तुत किए। एसपी चिंतित दिखे और उन्होंने दोषियों के खिलाफ कार्रवाई शुरू करने का वादा किया। हालाँकि, दो हफ्ते बीत जाने के बाद भी कोई उल्लेखनीय कार्रवाई नहीं की गई। निराश और दृढ़ निश्चयी होकर, मैंने देरी को समझने के लिए एसपी के साथ एक और बैठक निर्धारित की।

हमारी मुलाकात के दौरान, एसपी ने स्थिति को स्पष्ट रूप से समझाया। उन्होंने समस्या और मेरे साक्ष्य की वैधता को स्वीकार किया, लेकिन कार्टेल के मजबूत राजनीतिक संबंधों और प्रभाव के कारण कार्रवाई करने में अपनी असमर्थता व्यक्त की। अगर वे ऐसे शक्तिशाली हितों के खिलाफ गए तो उन्हें अपने लोगों की सुरक्षा और अपने करियर पर संभावित नतीजों का डर था। इस रहस्योद्घाटन ने मुझे मुश्किल स्थिति में डाल दिया, क्योंकि मैं एसपी की मजबूरी को समझता था, लेकिन समुदाय की खातिर इस मुद्दे को संबोधित करने की गहरी जिम्मेदारी भी महसूस करता था।

- उपरोक्त स्थिति में आपके पास क्या विकल्प उपलब्ध हैं?
- आप किस तरह की कार्रवाई चुनेंगे?
- मामले में शामिल नैतिक मुद्दों की पहचान कीजिए।
- लोगों की जरूरतों का फायदा उठाने वाले कार्टेल से निपटने के लिए कुछ उपाय सुझाएँ।

(250 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए) 20 अंक

As a junior engineer in the Department of Water Supply for the past five years, my responsibilities included ensuring water quality and maintaining supply lines for regular distribution. The zone I was posted in had persistent water shortage issues, particularly exacerbated during the summer when the supply became erratic. Residents had to rely heavily on water tankers, which added to their financial burden and inconvenience.

Over the years, I observed that the disruptions in water supply were not merely due to technical issues or natural scarcity. Through careful monitoring and data collection, I uncovered evidence suggesting that a cartel of tanker owners was deliberately creating an artificial shortage. This cartel would tamper with the water supply lines, causing disruptions, and then capitalise on the situation by selling water at inflated prices. The activities of this cartel were not only illegal but also highly unethical, exploiting the residents' basic need for water.

With substantial evidence in hand, I decided to take action against the cartel. I met with the district Superintendent of Police (SP) and presented my findings. The SP appeared concerned and promised to initiate action against the culprits. However, two weeks passed without any noticeable action being taken. Frustrated and determined, I scheduled another meeting with the SP to understand the delay.

During our meeting, the SP candidly explained the situation. He acknowledged the problem and the validity of my evidence but expressed his inability to act due to the cartel's strong political connections.

and influence. He feared for the safety of his men and the potential repercussions on his career if he went against such powerful interests. This revelation left me in a difficult position, as I understood the SP's predicament but also felt a deep responsibility to address the issue for the sake of the community.

- What are the options available to you in the above situation?
- What will be your chosen course of action?
- Identify the ethical issues involved in the case
- Suggest some measures for handling cartels who prey on people's needs.

(Answer in 250 words) 20 marks

The case deals with the ethical dilemma of self preservation (Hobbes) or performing one's duty. This is also a classic example of greed that leads to unethical practices.

① Options Available :-

- ① No Action :- The junior engineer should not act and leave it for the SP to decide. The political connection of cartel can also have spill over effect on the junior Engineer.

Merits → self preservation
→ following the obligation as a junior engineer.

Demerits → personal values in conflict
→ continuation of public exploitation for a basic need like water.

② Report to the Management/Higher Authority:-

Prepare a detailed enquiry report and present it to the higher authorities, by passing the SP.

Meets $\rightarrow$ upholding personal values
 $\rightarrow$ social responsibility fulfilled.

Demerit $\rightarrow$ personal consequence due to political connections

$\rightarrow$ By passing the SP will also put strain on hierarchy.

③ Negotiate with the SP :- Talk to the SP, and request him to take action.

Course of Action :-

- ① Prepare of report
- ② Report to the higher authority.
- ③ Action on the private cartel which ~~are~~ ^{are doing} punishable offence.

① Ethical issues involved in the case:-

- ① Greed on the side of private cartel
- ② Political nexus, collusion, & Nepotism
- ③ personal interest and the duty of SP towards their staff.
- ④ Public needs not being met,

① Measures for handling cartels:-

- ① Dialogue with these groups to find out their demands & issues.
- ② strict warning if not complying the Government's rules and regulations.



11. AquaTech एक सरकारी रक्षा अनुबंध फर्म (government defence contracting firm) है जो पुलिस और सैन्य उपयोग के लिए रोबोटिक सिस्टम बनाने में माहिर है। यह बम-निष्क्रिय करने वाले रोबोट बनाने और अन्य वर्गीकृत परियोजनाओं पर काम करने के लिए जानी जाती है। एक महत्वपूर्ण परियोजना में एक रोबोट विकसित करना शामिल था जो बारूदी सुरंगों को साफ करने और छिपे हुए विस्फोटकों का पता लगाने में सक्षम हो। रक्षा मंत्रालय के शीर्ष अधिकारियों के समक्ष परियोजना प्रदर्शन के लिए एक कार्यशील प्रोटोटाइप तैयार करने हेतु सात महीने की कठोर समय सीमा थी।

कर्मचारियों की कमी और अन्य अप्रत्याशित मुद्दों के कारण परियोजना में देरी हुई, जिसके परिणामस्वरूप दो सप्ताह की देरी हुई। जैसे-जैसे समय सीमा नजदीक आती गई, परियोजना के नेता ने टीम पर कम से कम आराम के साथ लंबे समय तक काम करने का दबाव डाला। इन चुनौतियों के बावजूद, टीम प्रदर्शन के लिए समय पर प्रोटोटाइप पूरा करने में कामयाब रही।

प्रदर्शन के दौरान, रोबोट को खदानों का पता लगाने और उन्हें स्त्रे से चिह्नित करने के लिए एक सक्रिय बारूदी सुरंग में तैनात किया गया था। शुरुआत में, रोबोट ने उम्मीद के मुताबिक प्रदर्शन किया, खदानों की पहचान की। हालांकि, साइटों को चिह्नित करने के बजाय, इसने विस्फोटों को ट्रिगर किया, जिससे ऑपरेटिंग इंजीनियर को घातक चोटें आईं। प्रदर्शन को तुरंत रोक दिया गया, और जांच शुरू की गई।

जांच में पता चला कि सॉफ्टवेयर में खामी के कारण यह खराबी हुई, जिससे यह दुखद दुर्घटना हुई। सॉफ्टवेयर डेवलपमेंट टीम ने तर्क दिया कि ऑपरेटर ने मिश्रित आदेश जारी किए, जिससे यह खराबी हुई। कुल मिलाकर, प्रत्येक टीम जिम्मेदारी से बचती रही, लेकिन घातक त्रुटियों के लिए किसी न किसी टीम को जवाबदेह बनाया जाना था।

- (a) यदि आप एक्वाटेक के नैतिकता अधिकारी हैं, तो आप इस घातक दुर्घटना के लिए किसे जिम्मेदार ठहराएंगे? क्यों?
(b) आर्टिफिशियल इंटेलिजेंस का उपयोग करते समय उत्पन्न होने वाले कुछ सामान्य नैतिक मुद्दों पर चर्चा करें।

(250 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए) 20 अंक

AquaTech is a government defence contracting firm specialising in manufacturing robotic systems for police and military use. It is known for producing bomb-defusing robots and working on other classified projects. One critical project involved developing a robot capable of sweeping minefields and detecting hidden explosives. The project had a stringent seven-month deadline to produce a working prototype for a demonstration to top defence ministry officials.

The project encountered delays due to staff shortages and other unforeseen issues, resulting in a two-week lag. As the deadline loomed, the project leader pressured the team to work extended hours with minimal rest. Despite these challenges, the team managed to complete the prototype on time for the demonstration.

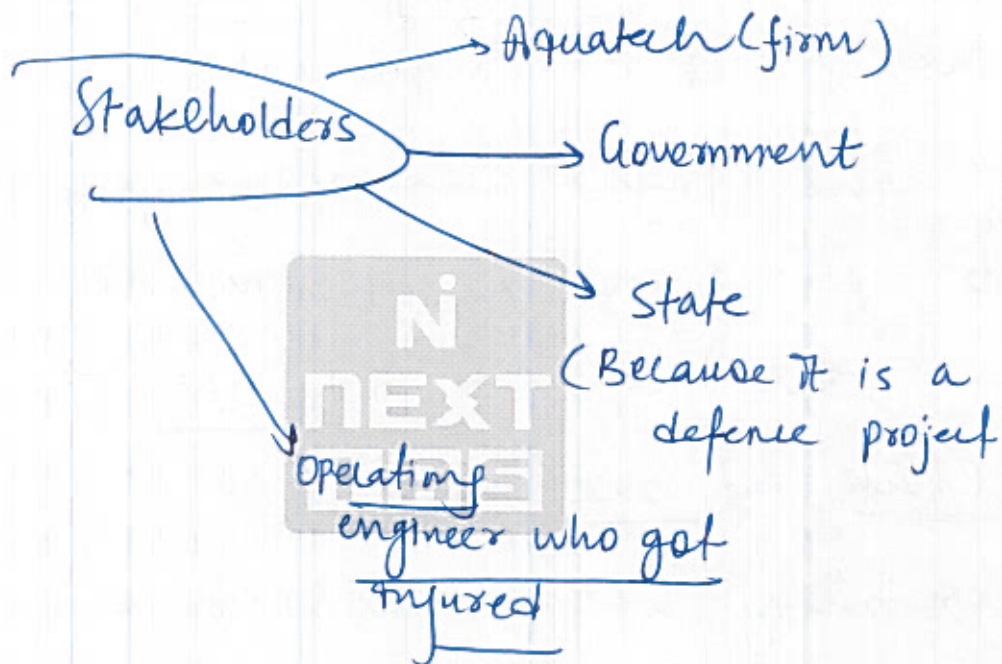
During the demonstration, the robot was deployed in an active minefield to detect mines and mark them with a spray. Initially, the robot performed as expected, identifying mines. However, instead of marking the sites, it triggered explosions, causing fatal injuries to the operating engineer. The demonstration was immediately halted, and an inquiry was launched.

The investigation revealed that a software flaw caused the malfunction, leading to the tragic accident. The software development team argued that the operator issued mixed commands, which contributed to the malfunction. Overall, each team kept deflecting responsibility, but somebody or a team had to be made accountable for the fatal errors.

- (a) If you are the ethics officer of AquaTech enquiring, who will you hold responsible for the fatality? Why?
(b) Discuss some common ethical issues that arise while using artificial intelligence.

(Answer in 250 words) 20 marks

The case presents a work culture based problem in officers as well as Gross blaming while taking accountability for the action



① Responsible for fatality :-

As Ethics officer, I will conduct a deep inquiry. The initial lag in the project due to work culture issues can be highlighted.

- ① The person leading the team is responsible to check that a crucial project is running on time.
- ② The entire team responsible for running the security checks after the project is complemented.
- ③ If the project was not complete as per standards, responsibility of the team to not let it check ~~at~~ line items.
Responsibility of the authority and higher management.
- ④ management - is also responsible for not having an oversight in the project

- (b) Ethical issues arise while using AI e-
- (1) Data biasness, model training issues
 - (2) use of AI for destructive purposes.
 - (3) One minor glitch in sensitive project can be fatal (as given in this case study)
 - (4) Loss of jobs
 - (5) Cross blaming, machine cannot be held accountable



12. आदिवासी गांवों के वर्चस्व वाले जिले में जिला विकास अधिकारी (DDO) के रूप में तैनात होने के बाद, मैंने क्षेत्र की विशिष्ट समस्याओं को समझने के लिए सभी ब्लॉक विकास अधिकारियों (BDO) से मुलाकात की। पहचाने गए प्राथमिक मुद्दे पानी की कमी, खराब शैक्षिक बुनियादी ढांचा, मध्याह्न भोजन योजना में अनियमितताएँ और सड़कों का न होना थे। सीमित बजट के साथ, मैंने इन दबाव वाली समस्याओं के समाधान की योजना बनाना शुरू कर दिया।

BDO की बैठक के कुछ सप्ताह बाद, मैंने पुलिस अधीक्षक (SP) के कार्यालय का शिष्टाचार दौरा किया। हमारी सौहार्दपूर्ण बातचीत के दौरान, एसपी ने जादू-टोना से संबंधित अपराधों का जिक्र किया, जिससे मुझे आश्चर्य हुआ क्योंकि किसी भी बीडीओ ने इस मुद्दे को नहीं उठाया था। मेरी चिंता यह जानकर बढ़ गई कि इन अपराधों की ज्यादातर पीड़ित महिलाएँ थीं।

एक हफ्ते बाद, नियमित निरीक्षण के लिए एक ब्लॉक का दौरा करते समय, मैं स्कूल के शिक्षकों, आशा कार्यकर्ताओं और स्वयं सहायता समूहों (एसएचजी) की महिला बुजुर्गों से मिला। चर्चाओं के माध्यम से, मुझे पता चला कि जादू-टोना समुदाय में गहरी जड़ें जमाए हुए हैं। आशा कार्यकर्ताओं ने लगभग हर महीने घटनाओं की सूचना दी, हालाँकि आधिकारिक तौर पर कोई भी दर्ज नहीं की गई।

स्थिति की गंभीरता को समझते हुए, मैंने जादू-टोना से संबंधित अंधविश्वासों से निपटने के लिए विकास निधि का एक हिस्सा आवंटित करने का फैसला किया। स्थानीय गैर सरकारी संगठनों और एसएचजी ने पहल का स्वागत किया, लेकिन दो हफ्ते बाद, आपको एक आरटीआई मिली जिसमें शिक्षा, सड़क और पानी की आपूर्ति जैसे महत्वपूर्ण क्षेत्रों की कीमत पर जादू-टोना से संबंधित मुद्दों के लिए धन आवंटित करने के लिए स्पष्टीकरण मांगा गया था।

- उपरोक्त मामले में क्या मुद्दे शामिल हैं?
- आपके पास सीमित बजट होने के बावजूद, आपने जादू-टोना से संबंधित अंधविश्वासों से निपटने के लिए धन आवंटित करने का फैसला किया। आप समुदाय और हितधारकों के समक्ष अपने निर्णय को कैसे उचित ठहराएंगे?
- यह देखते हुए कि जादू-टोना से संबंधित अपराधों की शुरुआत में बीडीओ द्वारा रिपोर्ट नहीं की गई थी, आप इस संचार की कमी को कैसे दूर करेंगे और कैसे आगे चलकर बेहतर रिपोर्टिंग और पारदर्शिता सुनिश्चित करेंगे?

(250 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए) 20 अंक

After being posted as the District Development Officer (DDO) in a district dominated by tribal villages, I met with all the Block Development Officers (BDOs) to understand the region's specific problems. The primary issues identified were water scarcity, poor educational infrastructure, irregularities in the midday meal scheme, and non-existent roads. With a limited budget, I began planning solutions for these pressing problems.

A few weeks after the BDOs meeting, I made a courtesy visit to the Superintendent of Police's (SP) office. During our cordial conversation, the SP mentioned witchcraft-related crimes, which surprised me as none of the BDOs had brought it up. My concern grew knowing that most victims of these crimes were women.

A week later, while visiting a block for a routine inspection, I met with school teachers, ASHA workers, and women elders from Self-Help Groups (SHGs). Through discussions, I learned that witchcraft had deep roots in the community. ASHA workers reported incidents almost every month, though none were officially recorded.

Realising the gravity of the situation, I decided to allocate part of the development funds to tackle witchcraft-related superstitions. Local NGOs and SHGs welcomed the initiative, but two weeks later, you received an RTI wanting an explanation for allocating funds for witchcraft-related issues at the cost of critical areas like education, roads, and water supply.

- (a) What are the issues involved in the above case?
- (b) With a limited budget at your disposal, you decide to allocate funds to tackle witchcraft-related superstitions. How would you justify your decision to the community and stakeholders?
- (c) Given that witchcraft-related crimes were not initially reported by the BDOs, how would you address this lack of communication and ensure better reporting and transparency moving forward?
- (Answer in 250 words) 20 marks

The case represents the deep seated patriarchal nature of the Indian society. This also presents the dilemma of utilisation of funds for the intended purpose.

(a) Issues involved in case :-

- ① Patriarchy, violence against women, Superstition
- ② Laxity of the local Govt. institution towards this; most observers in crime
- ③ utilisation of public funds with formal allocation

⑥ Justification -

① Discretion used to redistribute the available resources to include more people and enhance equity in the society.

② To the community - The prejudice towards the women is detrimental for the entire society

⑦ Reporting and Transparency

① Strict actions against those who are voluntarily hiding such crimes

② Direct anonymous complaint can be regg registered by the villagers, and women NGOs





NEXT IAS

Space for Rough Work

NEXT IAS

Space for Rough Work

NEXT IAS

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CANDIDATES SHOULD READ THE UNDERMENTIONED INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY. VIOLATION OF ANY OF THE INSTRUCTIONS MAY LEAD TO PENALTY.

DONT'S

1. Do not write your name or registration no. anywhere inside this Question-cum-Answer Booklet.
2. Do not write anything other than the actual answers to the questions anywhere inside your QCA Booklet.
3. Do not tear off any pages from your QCA Booklet, if you find any page missing do not fail to notify the supervisor/invigilator.
4. Do not leave behind your QCA Booklet on your table unattended, it should be handed over to the invigilator after conclusion of the exam.

DO'S

1. Read the Instructions on the cover page and strictly follow them.
2. Write your registration number and other particulars, in the space provided on the cover of QCA Booklet.
3. Write legibly and neatly. Do not write in bad/illegible handwritings.
4. For rough notes or calculation, the last two blank pages of this booklet should be used. The rough notes should be crossed through afterwards.
5. If you wish to cancel any work, draw your pen through it or write "Cancelled" across it, otherwise it may be evaluated.
6. Handover your QCA Booklet personally to the invigilator before leaving the examination hall.

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1. Scan the QCA booklet properly. We suggest the uses of the app CAM scanner (Scan QR code in page 2) based on our previous experiences.
2. Please scan the QCA booklet in ample light. Copies scanned under moderate light can hamper evaluation quality.
3. Any page/pdf having shadow needs to be rescanned. Please make sure that the pdf that you upload is as clean as possible.
4. **Candidates not using the QCA booklet** must mention their details on the front page. And leave the next page blank for the macro comments. It must be understood that the answer should start from Page no. 3 in of the scanned pdf.
5. Candidates not using the QCA booklet must follow the sequence of the answer as per the question paper.
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महत्वपूर्ण निर्देश	
अभ्यर्थियों को निम्नलिखित निर्देशों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ना चाहिए। किसी भी निर्देश का उल्लंघन करने पर दण्डित किया जा सकता है।	
क्या न करें- 1. इस प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर पुस्तिका के भीतर कहीं भी अपना नाम या पंजीकरण संख्या न लिखें। 2. अपनी QCA पुस्तिका में कहीं भी प्रश्नों के वास्तविक उत्तरों के अलावा कुछ भी न लिखें। 3. अपनी QCA पुस्तिका से कोई भी पृष्ठ न फाड़ें, यदि आपको कोई पृष्ठ गायब लगे, तो पर्यवेक्षक/निरीक्षक को सूचित करना न भूलें। 4. अपनी QCA पुस्तिका को अपनी टेबल पर न छोड़ें, परीक्षा समाप्त होने के पश्चात इसे निरीक्षक को सौंप देना चाहिए।	क्या करें- 1. कवर पृष्ठ पर दिए गए निर्देशों को ध्यान पूर्वक पढ़ें और उनका सख्ती से पालन करें। 2. QCA पुस्तिका के कवर पृष्ठ पर दिए गए स्थान पर अपना पंजीकरण नंबर और अन्य विवरण लिखें। 3. स्पष्ट और पठनीय तरीके से लिखें। खराब/अपठनीय लिखावट में न लिखें। 4. रफ नोट्स या गणना के लिए, इस पुस्तिका के अंतिम दो खाली पृष्ठों का उपयोग किया जाना चाहिए। रफ नोट्स को बाद में क्रॉस कर देना चाहिए। 5. यदि आप किसी कार्य को रद्द करना चाहते हैं, तो उस पर अपना पेन चलाएं या उस पर "रद्द" लिखें, अन्यथा उसका मूल्यांकन किया जा सकता है। 6. परीक्षा हॉल छोड़ने से पहले अपनी QCA पुस्तिका व्यक्तिगत रूप से निरीक्षक को सौंप दें।

ऑनलाइन सुविधा का लाभ उठाने वाले अभ्यर्थियों के लिए विशेष अनुरोध
1. QCA पुस्तिका को ठीक से स्कैन करें। हम चाहेंगे कि आप स्कैनिंग के लिए कैमस्कैनर ऐप (CAM SCANNER) का प्रयोग करें। (यह कोई प्रमोशन नहीं है)। 2. कृपया QCA पुस्तिका को पर्याप्त रोशनी में स्कैन करें। कम रोशनी में स्कैन की गई पुस्तिकाएं, उनके मूल्यांकन की गुणवत्ता को बाधित कर सकती हैं। 3. स्कैन के दौरान छाया वाले किसी भी पृष्ठ/पीडीएफ को फिर से स्कैन किया जाना चाहिए। कृपया सुनिश्चित करें कि आपके द्वारा अपलोड की गई पीडीएफ यथा संभव स्पष्ट हो । 4. QCA पुस्तिका का उपयोग नहीं करने वाले उम्मीदवारों को अपना विवरण पहले पृष्ठ पर देना चाहिए और मैक्रो टिप्पणियों के लिए अगला पृष्ठ खाली छोड़ दें। यह समझना चाहिए कि उत्तर स्कैन की गई पीडीएफ में पृष्ठ नंबर 3 से शुरू होना चाहिए। 5. QCA पुस्तिका का उपयोग नहीं करने वाले उम्मीदवारों को प्रश्नपत्र के अनुसार उत्तर के अनुक्रम का पालन करना चाहिए। 6. कृपया स्कैन किए गए संस्करण में उत्तर के अनुक्रम और कुल पृष्ठों की संख्या की जाँच करें। सुनिश्चित करें कि यह उसी के भौतिक संस्करण के अनुरूप है।

